M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION FIRST YEAR PAPER VI – BIOCHEMISTRY - II

Q.P. Code: 525056

Time: Three hours Maximum: 50 Marks

Answer All Questions

I. Essay: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Brief about the conversion of phenylalanine to tyrosine. Describe in detail about phenylketonurias.

II. Write notes on: $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

- 1. DNA repair mechanism.
- 2. Glutathione.
- 3. Tests to assess renal tubular function.
- 4. Polymerase chain reaction.
- 5. Metabolic acidosis.

III. Short answers on:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

Sub.Code: 5056

- 1. Applications of electrophoresis.
- 2. Lesch-Nyhan's syndrome.
- 3. Products formed from glycine.
- 4. Maple syrup urine disease.
- 5. Inhibitors of transcription.
- 6. Histamine.
- 7. Gamma amino butyric acid.
- 8. Phase II reaction of xenobiotics.
- 9. Functions of parathormone.
- 10. Nitric oxide.

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Q.P. Code: 525056

Time: Three hours Maximum: 50 Marks

Answer All Questions

I. Essay: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Write in detail about ammonia production, transport and disposal. Add a note on disorders of urea cycle.

II. Write notes on: $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

- 1. Tests done to assess synthetic functions of liver.
- 2. Properties of genetic code.
- 3. Respiratory acidosis.
- 4. Importance and applications of recombinant DNA technology.
- 5. Proteinuria.

III. Short answers on:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

Sub.Code : 5056

- 1. Importance of transamination reaction.
- 2. Causes of secondary gout.
- 3. Enzymes as tumour markers.
- 4. Point mutation.
- 5. Denaturation reactions of proteins.
- 6. Cystinosis.
- 7. Melatonin.
- 8. Normal value of plasma osmolality and urine osmolality.
- 9. Orotic aciduria.
- 10. Cell cycle.

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Time: Three hours Maximum: 50 Marks

Answer All Questions

I. Essay: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Write briefly the mechanisms by which the pH of the body fluids is regulated. Add a note on acid base disturbances with examples.

II. Write notes on: $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

- 1. Post translational modifications with examples.
- 2. Blotting techniques.
- 3. Classify jaundice based on liver function tests.
- 4. Structure of collagen.
- 5. Classes of Immunoglobulins.

III. Short answers on:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

Sub.Code: 5056

- 1. Structure of tRNA.
- 2. Lead poisoning.
- 3. Secondary hyperuricemias.
- 4. Draw normal protein electrophoretic pattern.
- 5. Secondary structure of proteins.
- 6. Classification of aminoacids based on metabolic fate.
- 7. Hartnup's disease.
- 8. Microalbuminuria and its importance.
- 9. Reactive oxygen species.
- 10. DNA fingerprinting.

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Q.P. Code: 525056

Time: Three hours Maximum: 50 Marks

Answer All Questions

I. Essay: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Explain the biochemical basis of clinical features of porphyrias.

II. Write notes on: $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

- 1. Mutation.
- 2. Types, properties and functions of different classes of immunoglobulins.
- 3. Congenital jaundice.
- 4. Genomic library.
- 5. Products formed from tryptophan.

III. Short answers on: $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- 1. Tests to assess biosynthetic function of liver.
- 2. Splicing of hnRNA (hetero nuclear RNA).
- 3. Give the normal values (reference interval) for the following parameters in blood/serum.
 - a) Creatinine b) Potassium c) TSH d) pH
- 4. Compare promoter with enhancer.
- 5. Role of anti diuretic hormone in the regulation of osmolality.
- 6. Role of different types of RNA in protein synthesis.
- 7. Hemoglobin electrophoresis of 2 year old boy with severe anemia showed elevated levels of HbF and HbA2 without any HbA. How will you interpret this?
- 8. Name four conditions in which Albumin: Globulin ratio is reversed and state the reason for the reversal.
- 9. What are the laboratory tests done for diagnosis of adrenal hypofunction and hyperfunction?
- 10. Give two examples for xenobiotic metabolism acting on endogenous substance.

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Q.P. Code: 525056

Time: Three hours Maximum: 50 Marks

Answer All Questions

I. Essay: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Describe the primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure of proteins.

II. Write notes on: $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

- 1. Renal function tests.
- 2. Metabolism of catecholamines.
- 3. Metabolic alterations induced by alcohol metabolism.
- 4. Functions of proteins and enzymes involved in DNA replication.
- 5. Tests done to assess biosynthetic functions of liver.

III. Short answers on: $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- 1. Cystinuria.
- 2. Transamination.
- 3. Principle of electrophoresis technique.
- 4. Four synthetic analogues of purine and pyrimidine bases used as therapeutic agent.
- 5. DNA finger printing.
- 6. Oxygen dissociation curve of hemoglobin.
- 7. Markers of cholestasis.
- 8. Henderson Hasselbalch equation.
- 9. Laboratory diagnosis of multiple myeloma.
- 10. Mechanism of action of allopurinol.